

# Using containers to accelerate your projects

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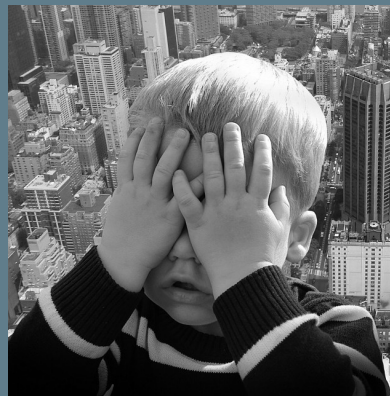
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# Problems? ... What development problems?

- Long and (boring) software installs 🤤
- Incompatible libraries 😞
- Data mocking since backend servers not yet available 🤖
- Maintaining multiple versions of an app 😐

# Problems? ... What deployment problems?

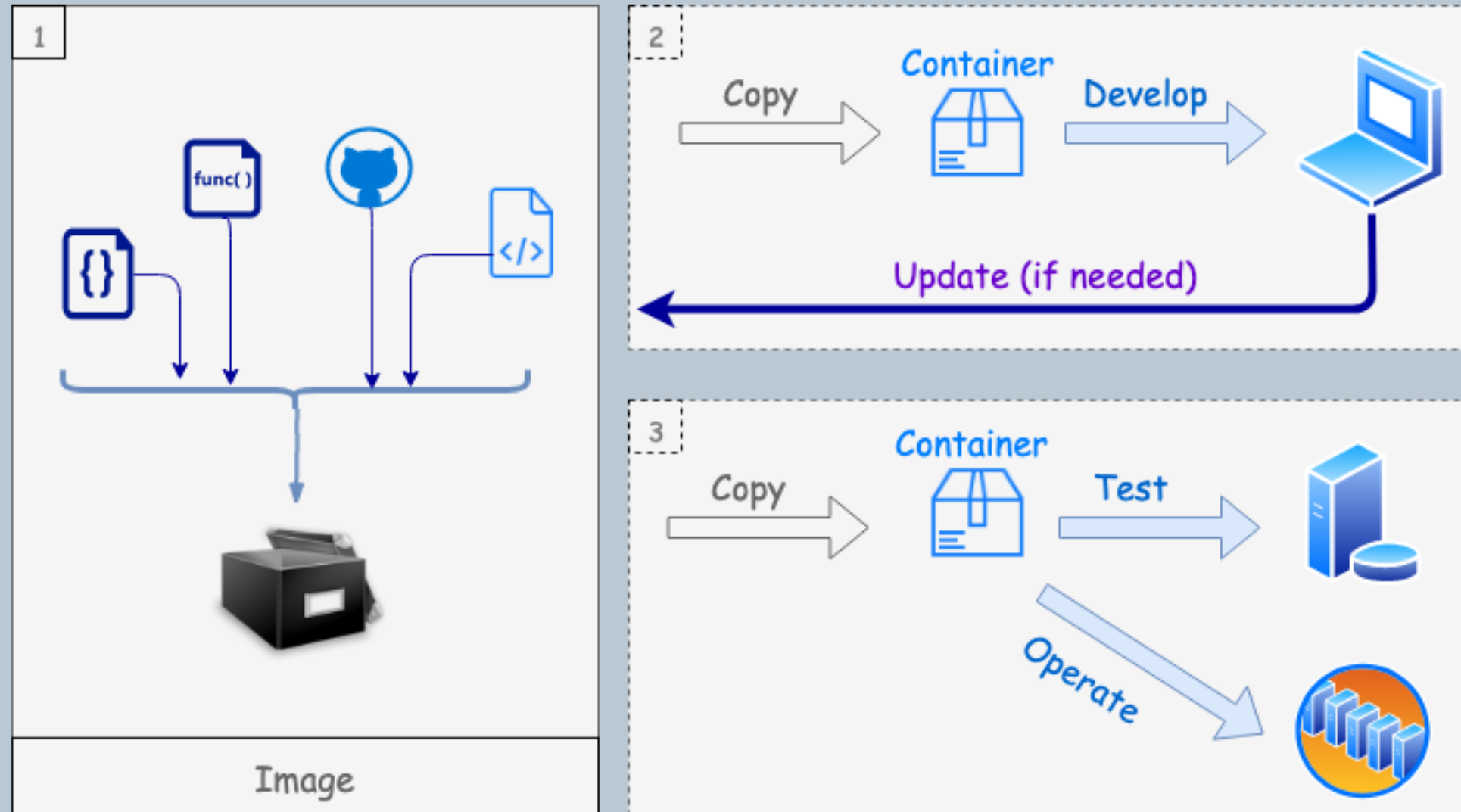
- Inconsistent environments among dev/test/prod machines 🥲
- Different code in test vs what is deployed in prod 😞
- Deploying and rolling back apps 😬
- Performance and scaling apps 💪



# What is a container ?

- "A standardized unit of software" -- Docker
- ?
- "Package Software into Standardized Units for Development, Shipment and Deployment" -- Docker
- ? ? 😞

## Image and Containers



- An image encapsulates all code and libraries required to run application independently of the OS
- Containers are stand alone copies of the image
- Changes to the container do not affect the image
- Code changes must be added to the image by rebuilding the image

# Demo Time

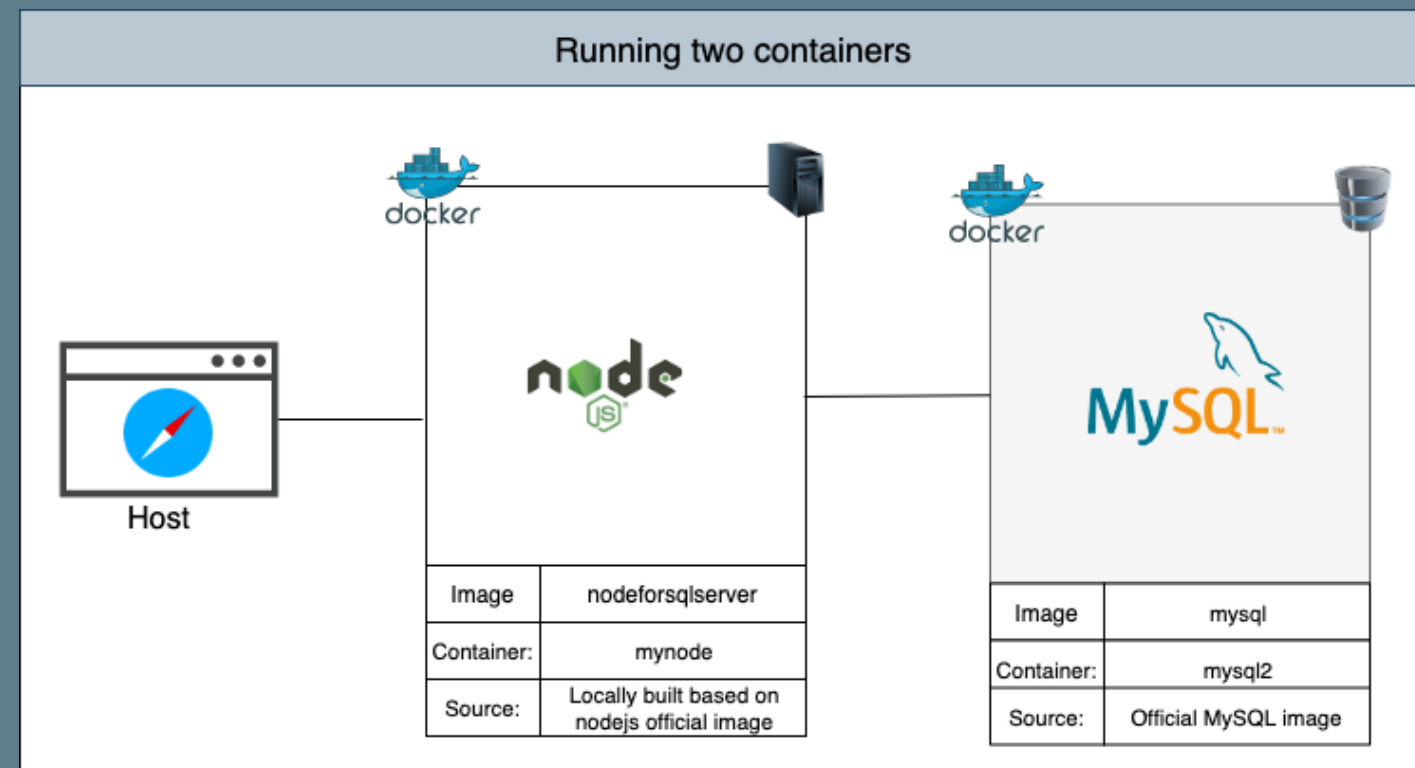
We will walk thru:

- Downloading and using an image
- Creating a new image
- Multi-container application
- Distributing an image

```
57 t.appeared = false;
58 return;
59 }
60 //is the element inside the visible window?
61 var a = w.scrollLeft();
62 var b = w.scrollTop();
63 var o = t.offset();
64 var x = o.left;
65 var y = o.top;
66
67 var ax = settings.accX;
68 var ay = settings.accY;
69 var th = t.height();
70 var wh = w.height();
71 var tw = t.width();
72 var ww = w.width();
73
74 if (y + th + ay >= b &&
75     y <= b + wh + ay &&
76     x + tw + ax >= a &&
77     x <= a + ww + ax) {
78     //trigger the custom event
79     if (!t.appeared) t.trigger('appear', settings.data);
80
81     } else {
82     //it scrolled out of view
83     t.appeared = false;
84     }
85 };
86
87 //create a modified fn with some additional logic
88 var modifiedFn = function() {
89
90     //mark the element as visible
91     t.appeared = true;
92
93     //is this supposed to happen only once?
94     if (settings.one) {
95
96         //remove the check
97         w.unbind('scroll', check);
98         var i = $.inArray(check, $.fn.appear.checks);
99         if (i >= 0) $.fn.appear.checks.splice(i, 1);
100     }
101 }
```

# Using multiple containers

- Node app to pull SQL Server data and display JSON browser
- Locally built node container and official MySQL image



# Downloading an image

The screenshot shows the Docker Hub interface for the MySQL image. The search results show 1 - 25 of 16,584 results for 'mysql'. The top result is the 'mysql' image, which is an official image with over 10 million downloads and 8.6K stars. The detailed page for the 'mysql' image is shown below, with a red dashed box highlighting the 'Copy and paste to pull this image' section. This section contains the command 'docker pull mysql'. A red arrow points to this box with the text 'Pull command'. The page also shows the 'Supported tags and respective Dockerfile links' section, which lists tags such as '8.0.17', '8.0.8', 'latest', '5.7.27', '5.7.5'.

- Go to [hub.docker.com](https://hub.docker.com) and search for MySQL
- Open the detail, find and copy the pull command
- Pull MySQL image from a terminal

```
docker pull mysql  
docker image ls
```



# Using multiple containers

## Nodejs Dockerfile

```
FROM node
WORKDIR /code
COPY package.json /code
RUN npm install mysql
RUN npm install express
RUN npm install && npm ls
COPY . /code
EXPOSE 3000
CMD ["npm", "start"]
```



# Using multiple containers - Run Containers

- Build Nodejs image. Also, Nodejs and MySQL container.

```
docker build -t nodemysql .  
docker run -p 3000:3000 --name nodemysqlcont nodemysql  
docker run --name mysql2 -v mydatadir:/var/lib/mysql -p 3306:3306  
    -e MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=mySecretPwd -d mysql
```

- Or, if containers already exist, start them

```
docker start nodemysqlcont  
docker start mysql2
```

- Access the app by at localhost:3000/mysql 🙄

## Using multiple containers - Trouble in paradise

- The nodejs app is unresponsive. It cannot connect to MySQL.
- Containers are isolated and not running in the same network.
- Create network and attach both our containers

```
docker network create mynodenetwork
```

```
docker network ls
```

```
docker network connect mynodenetwork nodemysql
```

```
docker network connect mynodenetwork mysql2
```

- Access the nodejs app at localhost:3000/mysql 👍

## Using multiple containers - Cleanup

- Containers must be disconnected before deleting network

```
docker network disconnect mynodenetwork nodemysql  
docker network disconnect mynodenetwork mysql2  
docker network rm mynodenetwork
```

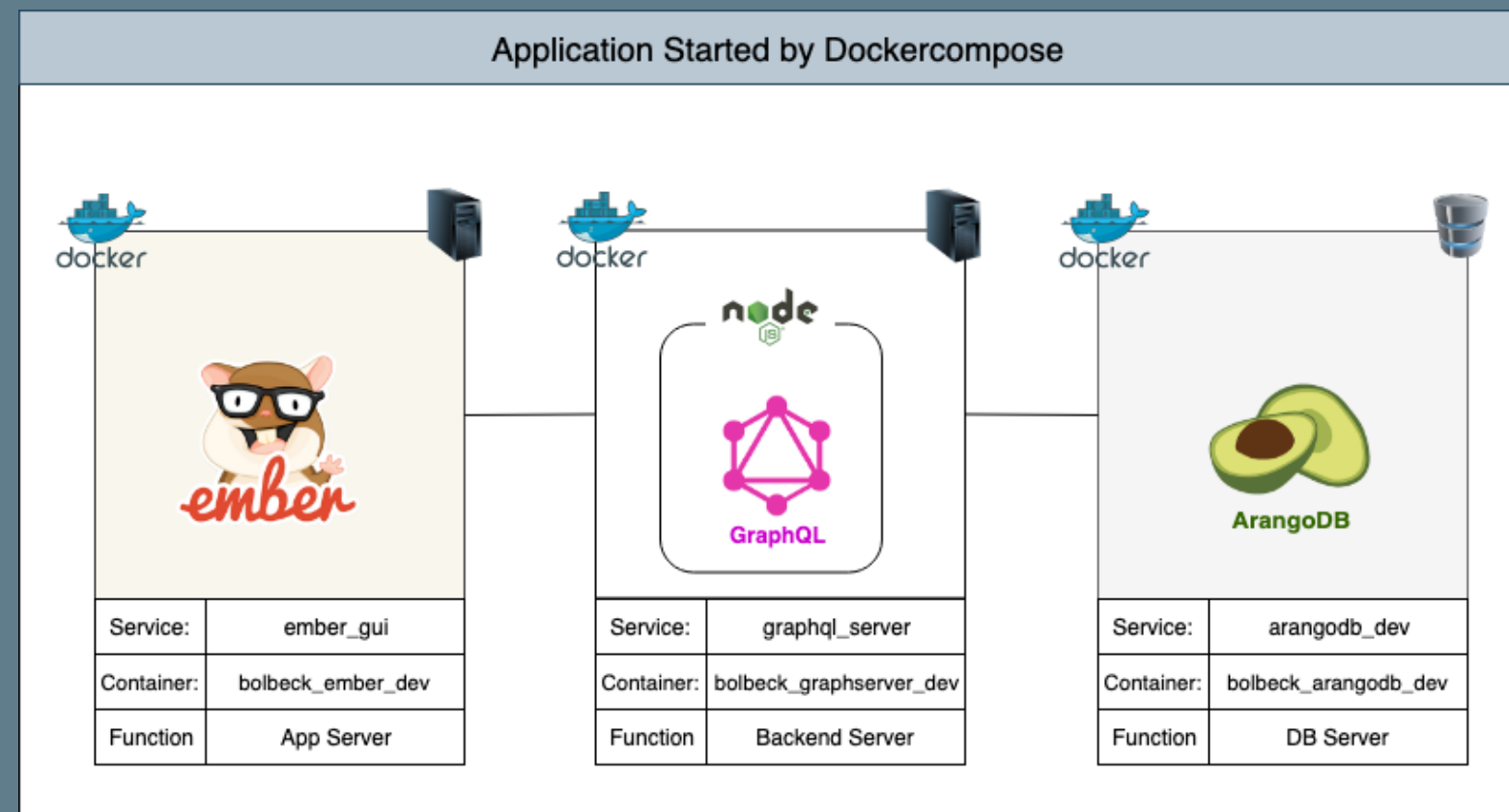
```
docker stop nodemysql  
docker stop mysql2  
docker rm nodemysql  
docker rm mysql2
```



THIS HOUSE WAS  
CLEAN  
YESTERDAY  
-  
WE'RE SORRY  
YOU  
MISSED IT

# Multiple containers with dockercompose

Three tier app running in 3 containers hosted in 3 services created by a dockercompose YAML file



# Multiple containers with dockercompose - YAML file

```
version: "3"
services:
  arangodb_dev:
    image: arangodb
    container_name: bolbeck_arangodb_dev
    env_file: docker-compose.env
    ports:
      - "8529:8529"
    volumes:
      - ./Arango/db:/var/lib/arangodb3
      - ./Arango/apps_db_system:/var/lib/arangodb3-apps/_db/
  graphql_server:
    build: ./GraphQLServer
    depends_on:
      - arangodb_dev
    container_name: bolbeck_graphserver_dev
    command: nodemon -L --inspect=0.0.0.0:5858
    volumes:
      - ./GraphQLServer:/Bolbeck/code
    ports:
      - "8000:8000"
      - "5858:5858"
      - "4000:4000"
  ember_gui:
    image: danlynn/ember-cli
    container_name: bolbeck_ember_dev
    depends_on:
      - graphql_server
    volumes:
      - ./Ember:/myapp
    command: ember server
    ports:
      - "4200:4200"
      - "7020:7020"
      - "7357:7357"
```

Let me get my glasses....



# Multiple containers with dockercompose - Database service

```
version: "3"
```

```
services:
```

```
  arangodb_dev:
```

```
    image: arangodb
```

```
    container_name: bolbeck_arangodb_dev
```

```
      env_file: docker-compose.env
```

```
  ports:
```

```
    - "8529:8529"
```

```
  volumes:
```

```
    - ./Arango/db:/var/lib/arangodb3
```

```
    - ./Arango/apps_db_system:/var/lib/arangodb3-apps/_db/
```



# Multiple containers with dockercompose - GraphQL service

```
graphql_server:  
  build: ./GraphQLServer  
  depends_on:  
    - arangodb_dev  
  container_name: bolbeck_graphserver_dev  
  command: nodemon -L --inspect=0.0.0.0:5858  
  volumes:  
    - ./GraphQLServer:/Bolbeck/code  
  ports:  
    - "8000:8000"  
    - "5858:5858"  
    - "4000:4000"
```

# Multiple containers with dockercompose - Gui service

```
ember_gui:  
  image: danlynn/ember-cli  
  container_name: bolbeck_ember_dev  
  depends_on:  
    - graphql_server  
  volumes:  
    - ./Ember:/myapp  
  command: ember server  
  ports:  
    - "4200:4200"  
    - "7020:7020"  
    - "7357:7357"
```

# Multiple containers with dockercompose - Running app

- Pull image, build image, create containers, volumes and network:

```
docker-compose up
```

- See the application running in localhost:4200

- Bring it all down, remove containers and delete the network

```
docker-compose down
```

# Multiple containers with docker compose - Development

- All files in the folders associated with the volumes are shared between host and container
- All code changes take are reflected immediately
- All data changes are also saved in the host
- We can create and destroy the containers at will and not loose any work

# Pushing an image to dockerhub

- Login from the console to docker hub (account needed):

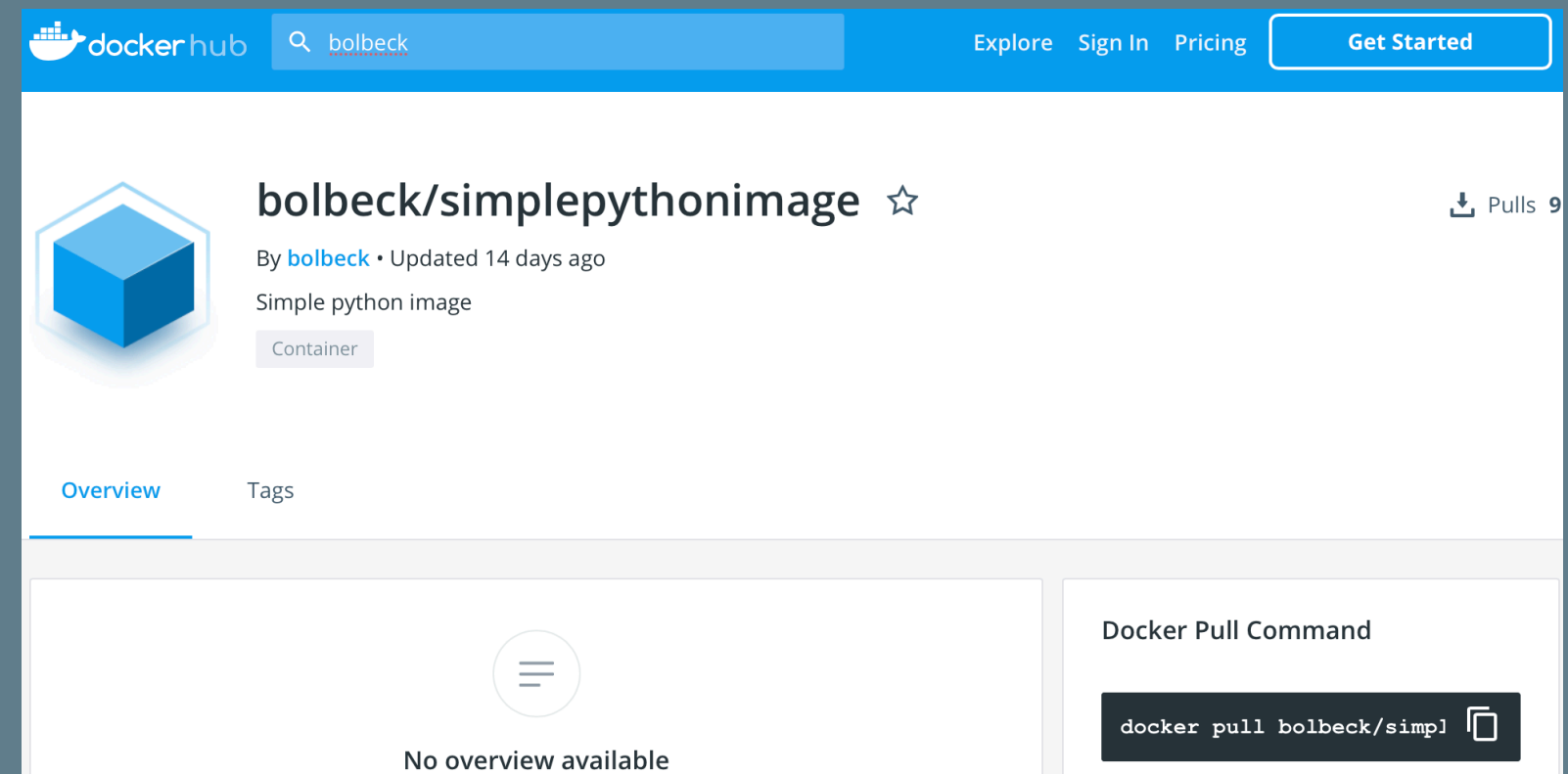
```
docker login
```

- Tag your image

```
docker tag firstpythonimg bolbeck/simplepythonimage
```

- Push image to docker

```
docker push bolbeck/simplepythonimage
```



# Problems? ... Solutions!

Problem	Solution	✓
Long installs	Docker pull <image name>	✓
Incompatible libraries	Container isolation	✓
Data Mocking	Multi-container app	✓
Multiple versions of an app	Image tags	✓
Inconsistent environments	Self contained apps	✓
Different code deployed to prod	Same image everywhere	✓
Deploying and rolling back apps	<i>Automated</i> deploy and rollback	✓
Performance and scaling	Multi-containers, microservices , serverless	✓

Sounds good, but when are containers not a good fit ?

- Desktop self contained applications with no backend (e.g. Paint)
- Application does not scale horizontally and requires 100% of the hardware power
- Existing databases that do not scale horizontally (e.g.: SQL Server) will not benefit much either



Queries ?



Reflections?



Contemplations?

Inquiries?

Doubts?





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# Appendix

# Photos

-  Photo by Jonathan Francisca on Unsplash
-  Photo by Markus Spiske on Unsplash
-  Photo by Joey Kyber on Unsplash
-  Photo by Alexas\_Fotos on Pixabay